

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019 Page 1 of 12

Revision date: 02.08.2024

High Pressure Soap

SECTION 1: Identification

Product Identifier

Product Name: High Pressure Soap

Product code: C-1000

Recommended Use of the Product and Restriction on Use

Relevant Identified Uses: High Pressure Liquid Soap, High Foaming

Liquid Detergent

Uses Advised Against: NA

Reasons Why Uses Advised Against: Not determined or not applicable.

Manufacturer or Supplier Details

Manufacturer: United States

Heiden Industries 1200 Veterans Blvd. Kenner, LA. 70062 8008784913 TODD@HEIDENIND.COM

Emergency Telephone Number:

North America

CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) Identification

GHS Classification:

Skin corrosion, category 1A
Serious eye damage, category 1
Carcinogenicity, category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3, respiratory tract irritation
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3, narcotic effects

Label elements

Hazard Pictograms:







Signal Word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H350 May cause cancer.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019 Page 2

Revision date: 02.08.2024

High Pressure Soap

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements:

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P405 Store locked up

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P501 It is the responsibility of the waste generator to characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: None

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Identification	Name	Weight %
CAS Number: 52-51-7	Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	
CAS Number: 68584-22-5	Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	1-25
CAS Number: 111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	<25

Additional Information: None

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

Description of First Aid Measures

General Notes:

Not determined or not applicable.

After Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After Skin Contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After Eye Contact:

Page 2 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019

Revision date: 02.08.2024

High Pressure Soap

Rinse eyes with plenty of water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After Swallowing:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed **Acute Symptoms and Effects:**

Exposure to skin may result in redness, pain, burning, inflammation and tissue damage. Exposure to eyes may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning, tearing, corneal damage and loss of vision. Exposure via inhalation may result in cough, sore throat, burning sensation and shortness of breath. Exposure via ingestion may result in burns of the mouth and throat, abdominal pain, burning sensation in the throat and chest, nausea, vomiting, shock or collapse.

Delayed Symptoms and Effects:

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Exposure may cause cancer. Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Specific Treatment:

If respiratory symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

In case of eye contact, seek prompt medical attention while rinsing is continued.

In case of skin contact, seek prompt medical attention while rinsing is continued.

In case of ingestion, seek prompt medical attention.

Notes for the Doctor:

Not determined or not applicable.

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Water mist/fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

Do not use water jet.

Specific Hazards During Fire-Fighting:

Thermal decomposition may produce irritating/toxic fumes/gases.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full-face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special precautions:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, hair and clothing. Do not breathe fumes/gas/mists/aerosols/vapors/dusts. Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers. Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures:

Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. Wear recommended

Page 3 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019 Page 4 of 12

Revision date: 02.08.2024

High Pressure Soap

personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get on skin, eyes or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse.

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from reaching drains, sewers and waterways. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Reference to Other Sections:

For personal protective equipment see Section 8. For disposal see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities:

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Only those substances with limit values have been included below.

Occupational Exposure Limit Values:

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
OSHA	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 240 mg/m ³ (50 ppm)
NIOSH	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	IDLH: 700 ppm
	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	REL-TWA: 24 mg/m³ (5 ppm [up to 10 hr])
ACGIH	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA: 20 ppm
United States(California)	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 97 mg/m ³ (20 ppm)
United States	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA: 120 mg/m³ (25 ppm [U.S. State, Tennessee])

Biological Limit Values:

noiogitai Illini valuesi						
Country (Legal Basis)	Substance		Determin ant	Specimen	Sampling time	Permissibl e limits
ACGIH	2-Butoxyethanol		, ,	Creatinine in Urine	End of shift	200 mg/g

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019

Revision date: 02.08.2024

High Pressure Soap

Information on Monitoring Procedures:

Not determined or not applicable.

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Emergency eye wash stations and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide adequate ventilation to maintain the airborne concentrations of vapor, mists, and/or dusts below the applicable workplace exposure limits, while observing recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Personal Protection Equipment

Eye and Face Protection:

Not determined or not applicable.

Skin and Body Protection:

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Ensure that all personal protective equipment is approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below the applicable workplace exposure limits, or to an acceptable level (if exposure limits have not been established), a respirator approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent) must be worn. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

General Hygienic Measures:

When handling chemical products, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Perform routine housekeeping.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Liquid
Odor	Std.
Odor threshold	Not determined or not available.
рН	6-8
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined or not available.
Initial boiling point/range	Not determined or not available.
Flash point (closed cup)	Not determined or not available.
Evaporation rate	Not determined or not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not determined or not available.
Upper flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Lower flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Vapor pressure	Not determined or not available.
Vapor density	Not determined or not available.
Density	Not determined or not available.
Relative density	Not determined or not available.

Page 5 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019 Page 14.2019

Revision date: 02.08.2024

High Pressure Soap

Solubilities	Not determined or not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not determined or not available.
Auto/Self-ignition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Dynamic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Explosive properties	Not determined or not available.
Oxidizing properties	Not determined or not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity:

Not reactive under recommended handling and storage conditions.

Chemical Stability:

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Hazardous reactions are not anticipated under recommended conditions of handling and storage.

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid generation of aerosols and mists, extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials:

None known.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Route	Result
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2-	dermal	LD50 Rat: 1600 mg/kg
nitropropane-1,3-diol	oral	LD50 Rat: 193 mg/kg
	inhalation	LC50 Rat: > 0.588 mg/L (4 hr [aerosol])
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-	inhalation	LC50 Rat: >1.9 mg/L (4 h [aerosol])
alkyl derivatives	Dermal ATE	LD50 Rabbit: 1100 mg/kg
	Oral ATE	LD50 Rat: 500 mg/kg
2-Butoxyethanol	Dermal ATE	LD50 Rabbit: 1100 mg/kg
	Oral ATE	LD50 Rat: 1200 mg/kg
	Inhalation ATE	LC50 Rat: 3 mg/L (4 hr [Vapours])

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Assessment:

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Page 6 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019

Revision date: 02.08.2024

High Pressure Soap

Product Data: No data available. Substance Data:

Name	Result
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	Causes skin irritation.
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Causes severe skins burns.
2-Butoxyethanol	Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Assessment:

Causes serious eye damage.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	Causes serious eye damage.
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Causes serious eye damage.
2-Butoxyethanol	Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Carcinogenicity Assessment:

May cause cancer.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC):

Name	Classification
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Not Applicable
2-Butoxyethanol	Group 3
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	Not Applicable

National Toxicology Program (NTP):

Name	Classification
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Not Applicable
2-Butoxyethanol	Not Applicable

Page 7 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019

Revision date: 02.08.2024

High Pressure Soap

Name	Classification
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	Not Applicable

OSHA Carcinogens: Not applicable

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Reproductive Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Assessment:

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Product Data: No data available. Substance Data:

Name	Result
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2-	May cause respiratory irritation.
nitropropane-1,3-diol	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Aspiration toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available. **Information on Likely Routes of Exposure:**

No data available.

Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical, and Toxicological Characteristics:

No data available.

Other Information:
No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Acute (Short-Term) Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Page 8 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019

Revision date: 02.08.2024

High Pressure Soap

Name	Result	
nitropropane-1,3-diol	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 1.4 mg/L (48 hr [mobility])	
	Fish LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 11 mg/L (96 hr)	
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: 0.026 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate])	
2-Butoxyethanol	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 1550 mg/L (48 hr [mobility])	
	Fish LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 1474 mg/L (96 hr)	
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Raphidocelis subcapitata: 623 mg/L (72 hr [biomass])	
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: >1000 mg/L (48hr [mobility] Read-across)	
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Raphidocelis subcapitata: >1000 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate] Read-across)	

Chronic (Long-Term) Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
2-Butoxyethanol	Fish NOEC Danio rerio: > 100 mg/L (21 d [markers for endocrine disruptive effects])
	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: 100 mg/L (21 d [reproduction])
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	Fish NOEC Oncorhynchus mykiss: 2.61 mg/L (28 d [mortality])
	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: 0.27 mg/L (21 d [appearance of first brood, Immobility, number of unhatched eggs])

Persistence and Degradability

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	The substance is readily biodegradable. 70 - 80% degradation in water, measured by CO2 evolution, after 28 days.
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Under test conditions no biodegradation observed.
2-Butoxyethanol	The substance is readily biodegradable. 90.4% degradation, measured by CO2 evolution, after 28 days.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
2-Butoxyethanol	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate (log Kow = 0.83).
1 ' '	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate (BCF=3.9 L/kg basis-whole body w.w., QSAR substance data).

Mobility in Soil

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Page 9 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019

Revision date: 02.08.2024

High Pressure Soap

Name	Result
I	The substance is highly mobile; therefore, adsorption to soil is not expected (Koc= 1 L/kg at 25 °C, QSAR substance data).

Page 10 of 12

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product Data:

PBT assessment: This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT. **vPvB assessment:** This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a vPvB.

Substance Data:

PBT assessment:

2-Butoxyethanol	The substance is not PBT.
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	The substance is not PBT.

vPvB assessment:

2-Butoxyethanol	The substance is not vPvB.
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	The substance is not vPvB.

Other Adverse Effects: No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal Methods:

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to characterize all waste material according to regulatory entities.

Contaminated packages:

Not determined or not applicable.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

United States Transportation of Dangerous Goods (49 CFR DOT)

UN Number	Not Regulated
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	None
Packing Group	None
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

UN Number	Not regulated
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	None
Packing Group	None
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-DGR)

UN Number	Not regulated
	3 - 3

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019

Revision date: 02.08.2024

High Pressure Soap

UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	None
Packing Group	None
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

United States Regulations

Inventory Listing (TSCA): All ingredients are listed-active or exempt.

Significant New Use Rule (TSCA Section 5): None of the ingredients are listed.

Export Notification under TSCA Section 12(b): None of the ingredients are listed.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances: None of the ingredients are listed.

SARA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

	111-76-2 2-Butoxyethanol		Listed	
CEF	RCLA:			
	111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed	N/A

RCRA: None of the ingredients are listed.

Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA): None of the ingredients are listed.

detion 222(1) of the clean All Act (CAA)! Note of the highesterns are listed.			
Massachusetts Right to Know:			
111	L-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed
New Jersey Right to Know:			
111	L-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed
New York Right to Know:			
111	L-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed
Pennsylvania Right to Know:			
111	L-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed

California Proposition 65:

▲WARNING: This product can expose you to Strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid; which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov Additional information: Not determined.

SECTION 16: Other Information

Abbreviations and Acronyms: None

Disclaimer:

This product has been classified in accordance with OSHA HCS 2012 guidelines. The information provided in this SDS is correct, to the best of our knowledge, based on information available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, storage, transportation and disposal and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials, unless specified in the text. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.

NFPA: 0-0-0 **HMIS:** 0-0-0

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019

Revision date: 02.08.2024

Page 11 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 05.14.2019 Page 12 of 12

Revision date: 02.08.2024

High Pressure Soap

End of Safety Data Sheet